

21 May 2015 EMA/CHMP/315237/2014 Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)

## Capecitabine film-coated tablets 150, 500 mg productspecific bioequivalence guidance\*

Draft agreed by Pharmacokinetics Working Party (PKWP)	October 2013
Adoption by CHMP for release for consultation	24 October 2013
Start of public consultation	15 November 2013
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	15 February 2014
Agreed by Pharmacokinetics Working Party	29 April 2015
Adoption by CHMP	21 May 2015
Date for coming into effect	1 December 2015

<sup>\*</sup>This guideline was previously published as part of a "compilation of individual product-specific guidance on demonstration of bioequivalence Rev.3 EMA/CHMP/736403/2014"

Keywords Bioequivalence, generics, capecitabine
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## Capecitabine film-coated tablets 150, 500 mg product-specific bioequivalence guidance

## Disclaimer:

This guidance should not be understood as being legally enforceable and is without prejudice to the need to ensure that the data submitted in support of a marketing authorisation application complies with the appropriate scientific, regulatory and legal requirements.

Requirements for bioequivalence demonstration (PKWP)\*

BCS Classification	BCS Class: I I III Ineither of the two  Background: absorption in humans is almost complete, but capecitabine is unstable in acidic medium.  Therefore, the available data on solubility does not allow the BCS classification of capecitabine.
Bioequivalence study design	single dose
in case a BCS biowaiver is not feasible or applied	cross-over
	patients
	☐ fasting ☐ fed ☐ both ☐ either fasting or fed
	Fed state recommended to minimise the risk of vomiting, for example standardized light meal for patients participating in the bioequivalence study.
	Strength: 500 mg

	<b>Background:</b> highest strength to be used for a drug with linear pharmacokinetics with no information on solubility available.	
	Number of studies: one single dose study	
Analyte	□ parent □ metabolite □ both	
	⊠ plasma/serum □ blood □ urine	
	Enantioselective analytical method:   yes   no	
Bioequivalence assessment*	Main pharmacokinetic variables: $AUC_{0-t}$ and $C_{max}$	
	<b>90% confidence interval:</b> 80.00 – 125.00%	

 $<sup>\</sup>star$  Since high intra-individual variability (CV<sub>intra</sub> > 30 %) is expected, the applicants might follow respective guideline recommendations.